

Reasoning and Problem Solving

Area and Perimeter

Developing

- 1a. Area = 39cm^2 , Perimeter = 32cm
2a. Largest area = $4\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm} = 20\text{cm}^2$
Smallest area = $8\text{cm} \times 1\text{cm} = 8\text{cm}^2$
3a. Disagree; to find the area you multiply length by width, to find the perimeter, you add all the sides together. For example: in a square that measures $6\text{cm} \times 6\text{cm}$, the area is 36cm^2 , but the perimeter is 24cm .

Expected

- 4a. Area = 57cm^2 , Perimeter = 44cm
5a. Largest area = $20\text{cm} \times 21\text{cm} = 420\text{cm}^2$
Smallest area = $40\text{cm} \times 1\text{cm} = 40\text{cm}^2$
6a. Agree; some squares have an equal area and perimeter (for example, $4\text{cm} \times 4\text{cm}$), however, others do not (such as $5\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$).

Greater Depth

- 7a. Area = 69cm^2 , Perimeter = 52cm
8a. Largest area = $20\text{cm} \times 20.25\text{cm} = 405\text{cm}^2$ (Accept this answer, however, if children wish to take this further, other decimals can produce larger areas such as $20.1\text{cm} \times 20.15\text{cm} = 405.015$. This may require a calculator).
Smallest area = $40\text{cm} \times 0.25\text{cm} = 10\text{cm}^2$
9a. Disagree; if the area of a square is a decimal number, it does not mean that the perimeter will be a decimal as well. For example; Perimeter = $4.5\text{cm} + 4.5\text{cm} + 4.5\text{cm} + 4.5\text{cm} = 18\text{cm}$.
Area = $4.5 \times 4.5 = 20.25\text{cm}^2$.

Reasoning and Problem Solving

Area and Perimeter

Developing

- 1b. Area = 56cm^2 , Perimeter = 36cm
2b. Largest area = $6\text{cm} \times 6\text{cm} = 36\text{cm}^2$
Smallest area = $11\text{cm} \times 1\text{cm} = 11\text{cm}^2$
3b. Disagree; to find the area, you multiply length by width, to find the perimeter you add all the sides together. For example: in a rectangle that measures $3\text{cm} \times 4\text{cm}$, the area is 12cm^2 , but the perimeter is 14cm .

Expected

- 4b. Area = 44cm^2 , Perimeter = 48cm
5b. Largest area = $17\text{cm} \times 17\text{cm} = 289\text{cm}^2$
Smallest area = $33\text{cm} \times 1\text{cm} = 33\text{cm}^2$
6b. Disagree; some rectangles have an equal area and perimeter (for example, $3\text{cm} \times 6\text{cm}$), however others do not (such as $7\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$).

Greater Depth

- 7b. Area = 85.75cm^2 , Perimeter = 56cm
8b. Largest area = $18.5\text{cm} \times 19\text{cm} = 351.5\text{cm}^2$
Smallest area = $37\text{cm} \times 0.5\text{cm} = 18.5\text{cm}^2$
9b. Disagree; although a rectangle may have a perimeter with a decimal number, it is still possible for the area to be a whole number. For example; Perimeter = $1.2\text{cm} + 5\text{cm} + 1.2\text{cm} + 5\text{cm} = 12.4\text{cm}$.
Area = $1.2 \times 5 = 6\text{cm}^2$.